

DO YOU HAVE PROBLEMS WITH SOYBEAN CYST NEMATODE?

Determinants and management options

WHAT'S BUGGING YOU!

Identifying yieldrobbing pests MID-SUMMER CORN PESTS

Making an effective plan to deal with the challenges

2023 SEED CONSULTANT FIELD DAYS

Plan to attend a field day in your area

DO YOU HAVE PROBLEMS WITH SOYBEAN CYST NEMATODE?

By Matt Hutcheson, CCA

Product Manager 937-414-6784 matt@seedconsultants.com

Typically, soybeans may begin to show symptoms of Soybean Cyst Nematode (SCN) damage by July 1st. SCN is a parasitic roundworm that feeds on the soybean root system. The cyst stage of the nematode's life cycle is when the female nematode is filled with eggs. Cysts are visible throughout the summer on soybean roots and will appear as small, white, and lemon-shaped. After the female matures, these cysts are hard to see. When trying to identify SCN presence on soybean roots, it is important not to confuse cysts with Rhizobium nodules (where N fixation takes place).

HOW CAN YOU DETERMINE IF SCN IS CAUSING DAMAGE AND YIELD LOSS TO YOUR SOYBEANS?

Injury symptoms include yellowing and stunting of plants. These symptoms may appear in

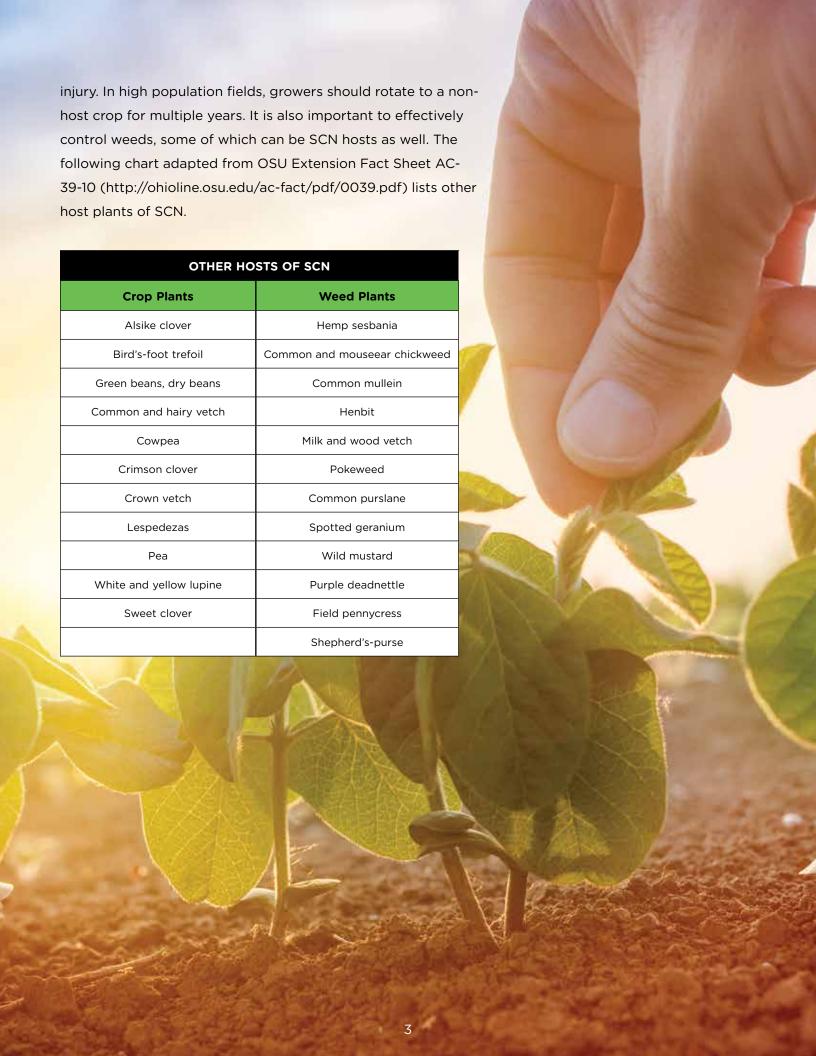
patches of a field. These patches may grow from year to year; especially in the direction a field is tilled. Symptoms may become worse when plants are under other stresses in addition to SCN injury and can be confused with other issues, such as nutrient deficiencies. Soil in fields where SCN damage is suspected should be sampled and sent to a lab for analysis. The population level of SCN will determine the specific practices required to manage the problem.

MANAGEMENT OPTIONS TO CONSIDER

Depending on the population level and the amount of damage being done, growers will have a few management options to consider.

Planting soybean varieties with resistance to SCN is critical in fields where the parasite is present.

Rotation away from soybeans to a non-host crop (such as corn) can also lessen the amount of SCN



WHAT'S BUGGING YOU!

By Bill McDonald, CCA

Director of Agronomic Services 740-837-0364 bill.mcdonald@seedconsultants.com

July is usually when we start applying fungicides on soybeans and is also the time to decide if you want to add an insecticide into the tank. Keep in mind, there are a lot of beneficial insects out there too that will be eradicated by the insecticide. So, some scouting could not only save the beneficial insects but lower the expense of the application by a few dollars.

There are some insects that can be yield robbing lurking in your field. The loss is not only in yield, but in quality issues that will lead to a dock in price. This scouting chart has the time frame for scouting for stink bug beginning in July, but that

is the time frame that they do the most damage in soybeans. Stink bugs can, and do, cause damage in corn a lot earlier in the season, starting at emergence.

Mexican bean beetle is one that works quickly and if this pest attacks, be ready to monitor closely and react swiftly. Follow University guidelines to determine if a reaction is needed.

Grasshoppers and Japanese beetle do a lot of defoliation, but the damage usually looks worse than it is and rarely warrants an action to control them.

Pest	April	May	June	July	August	September
Bean Leaf Beetle						
Mexican Bean Beetle						
Green Cloverworm						
Grasshoppers						
Japanese Beetles						
Twospotted Spider						
Mite						
Soybean Aphid						
Stink Bug						

The two-spotted spider mite is usually only a problem if we have extremely dry conditions. We don't normally associate an application to control spider mite with a fungicide application.

The two insects that keep most of us up at night are the bean leaf beetle (BLB) and the stink bug.

Bean leaf beetles come in several colors, but the one constant is the black triangle on



the wing covers behind its head.
The economic threshold for BLB is if they are actively feeding and defoliation is 40% pre-bloom, 15% bloom to pod fill and 25% pod-fill to harvest. The other damage caused by

BLB is pod feeding and if 10 - 15% of the pods are being chewed on, and the BLB is still present, then a spray is warranted.

There are many species of stink bugs, but the ones that we see the most are: brown marmorated, green and brown stink bugs. The damage that they cause can't be easily seen. It isn't until we pull the





Pod feeding by BLB opens the bean up to pathogens that cause mold and/or seed decay.

combine into the field that we see the fruits of their labor in the form of damage to the soybeans.

Scouting and sampling for stink bug should begin by R2 in soybeans. Stink bug feeding causes economic loss from R3 to R6. Sample at least 5 locations in your field, using a sweep net. Take 10 sweeps and count the number of stink bugs captured. Then, take an average of the 5 locations.







Brown Marmorated nymph stage



Green Stink Bug nymph stage

This will give you a non-biased view of the field. If the average is 2 or above and the soybeans are

food grade or raised for seed beans, then action is needed. If the end use is grain, then that number doubles.

Stink bugs may be harder to control than bean leaf beetles so you may want to use the higher end of the rate range.



This can be confused with Phomopsis Seed Decay or White mold (minus the sclerotinia)

Stink bug sweep net threshold levels

Seed usage	Average / 10 sweep set		
Food grade or seed	2		
Grain	4		

MID-SUMMER CORN PESTS

By Jordan Bassler

Field Agronomist 570-980-3906 jordan.bassler@seedconsultants.com

By mid-summer there could be several yield robbing insects beginning to show up in your fields. If you are planning a fungicide application or feel the need to do a late herbicide application, it may be worth the investment to include an insecticide in the tank to clean up some

unwanted pests. The beginning of July brings the chance of having Japanese beetle, fall armyworm, western bean cutworm, stink bug, or aphids. All these insects may not affect your area, but at least one can, and it's important to identify what is happening in your fields so you can make an effective plan.

JAPANESE BEETLE

This can negatively impact

The main concern from Japanese beetles is silk clipping/feeding.



Japanese Beetle

pollination, and ultimately yield. Populations are commonly higher around field edges or fields bordering grass. The threshold for Japanese



Corn Earworm

beetles is three or more beetles per ear and silks that have been clipped to half an inch or less. Measure when pollination is 50% complete. Japanese beetles can feed on leaf material, but it is rarely severe enough to create concern.

FALL ARMYWORM

Fall armyworms are caterpillarlike insects which feed on plant tissue during the vegetative growth stages and on kernels during the reproductive growth



Armyworm

stages. Damage can be severe. These insects can consume almost the entire plant's leaf material. Even though they have "fall" in their name, their damage begins much earlier in the growing season. These insects feed primarily at night so scouting must be matched to when they are emerged and feeding. Start by scouting for plant injury during the day, and if you suspect armyworm then scout at night to physically find

the larvae. The threshold is two to three-3 larvae per square foot.

WESTERN BEAN CUTWORM

Even though we grow corn in the Eastern corn belt, the western bean cutworm can still cause significant damage to our crops if feeding is left unchecked. Adults begin feeding in July and feeding is most concentrated during late vegetative growth into tassel and ear fill. Damage to ears from feeding can allow fungi to enter the plant, increasing the chance for ear molds. If you live in western bean







Western Bean Cutworm

cutworm area, or had issues in the past, scouting is done by checking fields for egg masses that are pre-tassel or fields where tassels are just beginning to show to determine the extent of infestation. Egg masses can range in color from

white to purple, depending on when they are laid. White egg masses indicate they were recently laid while purple egg masses are closer to a week old. Walk these fields and check twenty plants in five different areas of the fields. Focus on the upper surface on the top three or

four leaves. The threshold is egg masses on 5% or more of plants.

(SOURCE: Iowa State University)

STINK BUGS

Stink bug damage is most associated with spring feeding that shows as wilted plants and holes across the leaf once emerged from the whorl. However, damage can continue into late summer and during ear fill. Ear feeding can cause aborted and shriveled kernels and reduced test weight. Opinions on threshold vary, but a safe rule is

one stink bug per four plants pre-pollination and one stink bug per two plants AFTER pollination through early dough stage.

CORN LEAF APHIDS

These insects suck sap from the leaf and tassel. They leave behind a sticky substance that is

widely known as
"honeydew," which
turns to mold and
gives the tops
of plants a black
look while also



Aphids

interrupting pollination. Corn leaves may wilt and show yellowing discoloration in heavy feeding scenarios. The greatest concern comes from excessive feeding inside the whorl which can lead to incomplete kernel development or ears totally without kernels. Scouting can be difficult due to injury not showing until after the tassel has emerged, by which time the damage is

already done. If aphids are a concern, then scouting must start three weeks before tasseling. To determine the percentage of infestation, select four plants from five different areas of the field for a total of twenty plants. Carefully pull out the whorl and unfold while counting the number

of aphids inside each whorl. The threshold is an average of fifteen aphids per plant.

(SOURCE: Purdue University)

Be sure to check with your local DSM or dealer if you think any of these insects might robbing you of yield. Scouting and correct identification is critical from control to choosing a management plan if needed. Fortunately, most insecticides are labeled for control, so check with your pesticide supplier for the best option. Have a great summer!

Eastern Corn Borer

SEED CONSULTANTS 2023 FIELD DAY SCHEDULE

Please join us at one of the following events in your area!

WE WILL BE ADDING ADDITIONAL FIELD DAYS THIS SUMMER.

Check out SeedConsultants.com for the complete list!

WEEKD	AY	DATE	TIME	LOCATION
WEDNE	SDAY	AUG. 16	NOON	Field Day-Warner Seeds, Bradford, Ohio between Greenville & Piqua on Rt. 36; south on Rt. 721; east on Panther Creek Rd.
WEDNE	SDAY	AUG. 16	10:00 A.M.	Field Day-Eagle Creek Ag, 1503 Noble Rd, Shiloh, OH
THURSE	DAY	AUG. 17	NOON	Field Day-Seed Consultants WCH648 Miami Trace Rd SW
WEDNE	SDAY	AUG. 23	5:00 P.M.	Field DayMaria Stein Grain8115 Industrial Dr Maria Stein, OH
SATURE	DAY	AUG. 26	8:00 A.M12:00 P.M.	Customer Appreciation Day-Lykens Valley Roller Mills, 289 Shiffer's Mill Rd, Millersburg, PA 17061
SUNDA	Y	AUG. 27	4:00 P.M.	Field Day-Sheldon Miller, 2532 S. Mud Creek Rd, Oak Harbor, OH
TUESDA	Υ	AUG. 29	NOON-6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Fischer Farms, LLC., East of Ansonia on St.Rt. 47
WEDNE	SDAY	AUG. 30	6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Bill & Bob Black, Lockbourne, Ohio
WEDNE	SDAY	AUG. 30	6:00 P.M.	Customer Appreciation Day-Arnie Depinet, 9173 E. Twp. Rd. 106, Bloomville, OH
TUESDA	Υ	SEPT. 5	6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Craig Reinhart, 11268 W. Twp. Rd. 96, Alvada, OH
THURSE	DAY	SEPT. 7	6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Bob Brown, 1800 Lancaster Rd., Chillicothe, Ohio 45601
THURSE	DAY	SEPT. 7	6:00 P.M.	Customer Appreciation Day-Brickner Farm Service, 6616 W. Co. Rd. 592, Fostoria, OH
THURSE	DAY	SEPT. 7	6:00 P.M.	Field DayWalter Bros., Michael Walter South of Walnut Corner Rd. on 600 W Pennville, IN
FRIDAY		SEPT. 8	11:00 A.M.	Customer Appreciation Day-Mark WolfeWolfe Warehouse, 12394 Bethlehem Clairbourne Rd. Richwood, Ohio
TUESDA	Υ	SEPT. 12	6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Fox Farm, 8379 State Route 204, Thornville, OH 43076
WEDNE	SDAY	SEPT. 13	6:00 P.M.	Field Day-Dave Miller, 6940 N. Co. Rd. 21, Clyde, OH
WEDNE	SDAY	SEPT. 20	10:00 A.M1:00 P.M.	Customer Appreciation Day-Big Valley Feed & Grain, 37 Young Ln, Belleville, PA 17004
SATURE	DAY	SEPT. 23	10:30 A.M.	Field Day- Nate Wilbert, 1088 Rutter Rd, Halifax, PA 17032

EARLY CASH DISCOUNTS

Seed Consultants offers opportunities to maximize seed cost savings through an early cash discount schedule for the 2024 planting season.

CASH DISCOUNTS

16.5%	August
14%	September
	October
12%	November
10%	December-January 10

8%	January
6%	February
4%	March
2%	April

If you have any questions, please call the office at 800-708-2676.





FINANCING SEED CONSULTANTS, INC.

TWO GREAT FINANCING CHOICES FOR 2023-2024 0% THROUGH JOHN DEERE FINANCIAL 0% THROUGH RABO AGRIFINANCE

These financing programs are only available to John Deere Financial Preferred Customers and/or RABO AgriFinance approved customers. To apply for a John Deere Financial Preferred Account or RABO account or to increase your John Deere Financial or RABO line of credit, contact John Deere Financial (800-433-8964) or RABO (888-395-8505), so the necessary paperwork may be completed with John Deere Financial &/or RABO.

JOHN DEERE FINANCIAL & RABO GUIDELINES

- Must be a John Deere Financial Preferred Customer or approved by RABO AgriFinance.
- Approval and credit limits established by John Deere Financial &/or RABO...not by SCI.
- Terms and conditions apply. See respective credit applications for full terms and disclosures.
- To increase or establish your credit line call John Deere Financial (800-433-8964) or RABO (888-395-8505).
- Must be enrolled and approved to qualify for discounts.
- Discounts applied on approval date from John Deere Financial &/or RABO.
- Signed terms of disclosure on file.
- Minimum purchase of \$1,000.
- Due date of December 2024.

For John Deere Financial customers with current special terms balances at or near their credit limit, they may have an option to enable their seed purchase now and lock in their order. Contact your SCI Seedsman for details

	DISCOUNT SCHEDULE			
Finance Plan	John Deere Financial	RABO		
Purchase & Approval Date	Fixed 0%	Fixed 0%		
August 2023	6.5%	6.5%		
September 2023	4%	4%		
October 2023	3%	3%		
November 2023	2%	2%		
December - January 10, 2024	0%	0%		
January 2024	0%	0%		
February 2024	0%	0%		
March 2024	0%	0%		
April 2024	0%	0%		
May 2024	0%	0%		
In Season	0%	0%		

2024 SEED CONSULTANTS CUSTOMER TRIP



HYATT ZIVA CANCUN

- Located on a spectacularly scenic peninsula and surrounded by ocean on three sides, Hyatt Ziva Cancun connects guests to the natural beauty of Cancun's coast with several unexpected delights along the way. Its prime location allows guests to walk to shopping malls, markets and Cancun's hottest nightclubs. Nine dining venues offer guests a wide variety of cuisine including Asian with teppanyaki tables, Mexican cuisine, Italian specialties, a casual diner for burgers and fries and the popular steakhouse.
- Hyatt Ziva Cancun offers 547 oversized guest rooms with views of either the man-made lagoon or surrounding ocean. Each guestroom is decorated with contemporary décor featuring neutral colors, marble floors, premium bedding, satellite TV, coffee/tea makers, mini-bar and in-room safe. Bathrooms include dual vanities, large glassed-in showers, hair dryer, and designer toiletries.
- Recreational activities abound with two beaches, four outdoor swimming pools, non-motorized watersports, ocean-view spa, full-service health club, lighted tennis courts and an amphitheater with live shows and music. A small, ocean-fed lagoon is home to Delphinus Experience where guests can swim with dolphins for an additional charge.
- The Hyatt Ziva Cancun is the perfect vacation destination in the heart of Cancun, Mexico.

Cancun Trip Package:

- 7 Days, 6 nights accommodation in Turquoize Ocean Front Master King Rooms at the Hyatt Ziva Cancun
- Breakfast, lunch, dinner, room service & snacks at your choice of 9 restaurants on property
- Alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks, bottled water, specialty coffees and teas at all the food and beverage
- Private Welcome Party for SCI
- Private Farewell Party for SCI
- Round-Trip Airport Transfers on Program Dates
- Complimentary Wi-Fi in the public areas and guest rooms
- Mini-Bar Drinks
- Exercise facilities, daytime tennis courts, table games and scheduled stage shows
- All Taxes. Fees and Gratuities at the Resort

TRIP COST (EXCLUDING AIR) AT HYATT ZIVA CANCUN:

SIGN-UP ONLINE NOW VIA THE LINK ON WWW.SEEDCONSULTANTS.COM

- Single Occupancy: \$3,225.00 (1 Adult in a Room)
- Double Occupancy: \$4,225.00 (2 Adults sharing a Room) Maximum capacity in a guest room is four regardless of age.

AIR COSTS:

- Air is not included with the above trip costs, but must be booked through MTI Events in to order to attend the trip.
- If attendee wishes to check current airfare rates before registering and submitting the non-refundable deposit, they may call MTI Events at 913-438-2600 x 118. Hours are Monday Friday, 9:00 AM 5:00 PM EST. Airfare rates are subject to change until ticketed.
- After registration has been submitted and non-refundable deposit received, MTI Events will email the attendee with flight options and costs. There are no restrictions on fares or departure city.
- Attendee is responsible for any costs associated with flight changes.
- Airline points may be used to book airfare. Tickets must be booked directly with the airline. MTI has no control over frequent flier seat availability.

PAYMENTS:

- \$500 (per person) non-refundable deposit due after online registration and before air is booked.
- Full trip payment is due by Friday, November 17, 2023 and is non-refundable.

All checks should be for trip expenses only and made payable to:

MTI Events • ATTN: SCI Cancun 10400 W. 103rd Street, Suite 10 Overland Park, KS 66214

LEADER UPDATE By Daniel Call, CCA General Manager danielCall@seedconsultants.com

Unlike many springs we have experienced over the past decade, this year's planting season was about as close to normal as we could have hoped. There were small areas of delayed planting due to damp soil conditions, and a little replant sprinkled around our sales area. Fortunately, a vast majority of our customers experienced the long overdue, "normal" spring planting season. As we've moved further into the growing season, dry weather has become more of a concern for many of us. With this dry weather, several agronomic concerns have surfaced which will continue to garner our attention and keep us diligently scouting the crop.

Our key areas of agronomic influence are going to remain as critical as ever this summer: disease control, nutrient management and weed control. We've had many conversations with customers regarding these 3 key agronomic challenges already this growing season. It's imperative that we all continue to scout throughout the growing season to stay ahead of these issues to mitigate the stress to our crop.

It's hard to believe we are on the cusp of kicking off our 2024 sales year. We have the largest new class of products in our history waiting to be launched this summer. Our 2024 class of new products will showcase how full our breeding and research pipeline truly are. The strength of the lineup comes from our focus on emergence, disease tolerance and strong yield data within our footprint. When we combine these new products with the hybrids and soybean varieties we have launched the past two years, you will find our 2024 offering is the strongest it has ever been.

We are looking forward to seeing you at a field day this summer. Allow us the opportunity to share with you all the new products we have to offer. I am sure you will also see how the newer lineup will deliver many agronomic benefits and production gains to your farm in 2024. Please have a safe growing season. See you this summer at a field day near you!



Editorial Board

Alissa Armstrong

Marketing Communications Manager 937-605-0737 - Mobile alissa.armstrong@seedconsultants.com

Daniel Call, CCA

General Manager danielcall@seedconsultants.com

Matt Hutcheson, CCA

Product Manager 937-414-6784 - Mobile matt@seedconsultants.com

Bill McDonald, CCA

Director of Agronomic Services 740-837-0364 - Mobile bill.mcdonald@seedconsultants.com

Jordan Bassler

Field Agronomist 570-980-3906 jordan.bassler@seedconsultants.com

Don't miss a thing

The SCI free e-newsletter comes via e-mail every Monday. The newsletter is packed full of current agronomic topics. Subscribe by sending your e-mail address to matt@seedconsultants.com or by signing up on our website at www.seedconsultants.com.























The information provided within this newsletter is not a substitute for advice concerning your specific situation. The information contained herein is general and educational in nature. Because each situation is different and each recommendation is specifically tailored for each customer, the information contained herein should never be used to determine your course of action.

Liberty®, LibertyLink® and the Water Droplet Design are registered trademarks of BASF.

Agrisure® is a trademark of, and used under license from, a Syngenta Group Company. Agrisure® technology incorporated into these seeds is commercialized under a license from Syngenta Crop Protection AG.

Roundup Ready* is a registered trademark used under license from Monsanto Company. ALWAYS READ AND FOLLOW PESTICIDE LABEL DIRECTIONS. Roundup Ready* crops contain genes that confer tolerance to glyphosate, the active ingredient in Roundup* brand agricultural herbicides. Roundup* brand agricultural herbicides will kill crops that are not tolerant to glyphosate.

RR2 - Contains the Roundup Ready® Corn 2 trait that provides crop safety for over-the-top applications of labeled glyphosate herbicides when applied according to label directions.

SmartStax* multi-event technology developed by Corteva Agriscience and Monsanto. *SmartStax and the SmartStax Logo are registered trademarks of Bayer Group.

Varieties with the Glyphosate Tolerant trait contain genes that confer tolerance to glyphosate herbicides. Glyphosate herbicides will kill crops that are not tolerant to glyphosate.

Corteva Agriscience is a member of Excellence Through Stewardship* (ETS). Corteva products are commercialized in accordance with ETS Product Launch Stewardship Guidance and in compliance with the Corteva policies regarding stewardship of those products. Crops and materials containing biotech traits may only be exported to or used, processed, or sold in jurisdictions where all necessary regulatory approvals have been granted for those crops and materials. It is a violation of national and international laws to move materials containing biotech traits across borders into jurisdictions where their import is not permitted. Growers should discuss these issues with their purchaser or grain handler to confirm the purchaser or handler's position on products being purchased. For further information on the approval status of biotech traits, please visit www. biotradestatus.com.

Excellence Through Stewardship® is a registered trademark of the Excellence Through Stewardship.

The transgenic soybean event in Enlist E3* soybeans is jointly developed and owned by Corteva Agriscience and M.S. Technologies L.L.C.

Enlist Duo* and Enlist One* herbicides are not registered for sale or use in all states or counties. Contact your state pesticide regulatory agency to determine if a product is registered for sale or use in your area. Enlist Duo and Enlist One are the only 2,4-D products authorized for use with Enlist crops. Consult Enlist herbicide labels for weed species controlled. Always read and follow label directions.

AM - Optimum* AcreMax* Insect Protection system with YGCB, HX1, LL, RR2. Contains a single-bag integrated refuge solution for above-ground insects. In EPA-designated cotton growing counties, a 20% separate corn borer refuge must be planted with Optimum AcreMax products.

AMXT (Optimum* AcreMax* XTreme) - Contains a single-bag integrated refuge solution for above- and below-ground insects. The major component contains the Agrisure* RW trait, a Bt trait, and the Herculex* XTRA genes. In EPA-designated cotton growing counties, a 20% separate corn borer refuge must be planted with Optimum AcreMax XTreme products.

Products are provided subject to the terms and conditions of purchase which are part of the labeling and purchase documents. All products are trademarks of their manufacturers.

Always follow grain marketing, stewardship practices and pesticide label directions. Varieties with the Glyphosate Tolerant trait (including those designated by the letter "R" in the product number) contain genes that confer tolerance to glyphosate herbicides. Glyphosate herbicides will kill crops that are not tolerant to glyphosate.